

## **CERTIFICATION**

# AOAC Research Institute Performance Tested Methods<sup>SM</sup>

Certificate No.

072202

The AOAC Research Institute hereby certifies the method known as:

## AquaCHROM<sup>TM</sup> ECC

manufactured by

CHROMagar 4 Place du 18 Juin 1940 75006 Paris, France

This method has been evaluated in the AOAC Research Institute *Performance Tested Methods*<sup>SM</sup> Program and found to perform as stated in the applicability of the method. This certificate indicates an AOAC Research Institute Certification Mark License Agreement has been executed which authorizes the manufacturer to display the AOAC Research Institute *Performance Tested Methods* SM certification mark on the above-mentioned method for the period below. Renewal may be granted by the Expiration Date under the rules stated in the licensing agreement.

Scott Coates, Senior Director
Signature for AOAC Research Institute

Scott Crates

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CHROMagar 4 Place du 18 Juin 1940 75006 Paris, France

**METHOD NAME** 

AquaCHROM™ ECC

**CATALOG NUMBER** 

AQ056

## INDEPENDENT LABORATORY

Q Laboratories 1930 Radcliff Drive Cincinnati, OH 45204

## REFERENCE METHODS

APPLICABILITY OF METHOD
Analytes – E. coli and non-E. coli coliform bacteria.

 $\label{eq:matrixes} \textbf{Matrixes} - \textbf{(100 mL test portions)} - \textbf{Tap water, well water, lake water, and bottled water.}$ 

Performance claims – The AquaCHROM ECC method is comparable to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 1604 (2002), Total Coliforms and Escherichia coli in Water by Membrane Filtration Using a Simultaneous Detection Technique (MI Medium) (2) for detection of E. coli and non-E. coli coliform bacteria in tap water, well water, and lake water and to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration

detection of *E. coli* and non-*E. coli* coliform bacteria in tap water, well water, and lake water and to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration Bacteriological Analytical Manual (FDA/BAM) Chapter 4: *Enumeration of Escherichia coli and the Coliform Bacteria* (3) for bottled water. In addition, the AquaCHROM ECC method is equivalent to EPA 1604 for enumeration of *E. coli* and non-*E. coli* coliform bacteria in tap water, well water, and lake water.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method 1604 (2002), Total Coliforms and *Escherichia coli* in Water by Membrane Filtration Using a Simultaneous Detection Technique (MI Medium) (2)

Food and Drug Administration Bacteriological Analytical Manual Chapter 4: Enumeration of *Escherichia coli* and the Coliform Bacteria. July 2020BAM Chapter 4: Enumeration of Escherichia coli and the Coliform Bacteria (3)

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATION DATE July 12, 2022	CERTIFICATION RENEWAL RECORD Renewed annually through December 2024.
METHOD MODIFICATION RECORD NONE	SUMMARY OF MODIFICATION NONE
Under this AOAC <i>Performance Tested Methods</i> <sup>SM</sup> License Number, 072202 this method is distributed by: NONE	Under this AOAC <i>Performance Tested Methods<sup>SM</sup></i> License Number, 072202 this method is distributed as: NONE

## PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD (1)

The AquaCHROM™ ECC is a chromogenic medium for the detection and/or enumeration of *E. coli* and coliforms in water samples. Coliforms are *Enterobacteriaceae* able to ferment lactose and are present in human and warm-blooded animals' intestinal flora, in the soil and water. This method is intended for laboratory use and field testing, it should be used by personnel following good laboratory practices.

The product is composed of a powder medium and is supplied in ready-to-use, pre-weighed doses. Each dose is for a 100 mL water sample. The product is stored at 15–30 °C. For presence absence testing, the pre-weighed dose is added to a sterile transparent vessel containing a 100 mL water sample and then incubated at 35–37 °C for 18–24 h. *E. coli* results are green to blue-green, and non-*E. coli* coliform results are yellow. If a mixture of *E. coli* and non-*E. coli* coliforms are present, the medium will appear green. The product can also be used for MPN analysis. For this method, the 100 mL water sample is poured into a dispenser, and then the dose of AquaCHROM ECC is added. After shaking to dissolve the AquaCHROM ECC powder, the 100 mL sample is dispensed into the wells of a 48-well Deep well sample plate. The plate is incubated at 35–37°C for 18–24 h. *E. coli* results are green, and non-*E. coli* coliform results are yellow. If a mixture of *E. coli* and non-*E. coli* coliforms are present, the medium will appear green. The wells are counted based on color, and then compared to the AquaCHROM ECC MPN Table.

#### **DISCUSSION OF THE VALIDATION STUDY (1)**

In the inclusivity study, all *E. coli* strains tested were positive green to blue-green, with the exception of *E. coli* O157, which is expected. The efficacy of the b-glucuronidase character allows the identification of *E. coli* but a small percentage of *E. coli* strains, such as *E. coli* serotype O157, is b-glucuronidase negative (7, 8). Those strains are detected as yellow in color with AquaCHROM ECC. The b-glucuronidase phenotype in other *Enterobacteriaceae* is rare, one *C. freundii* isolate was found positive in green color. A few false positive results were detected, including 3 strains of *Salmonella enterica*, 2 species of *Shigella* and 1 strain of *Aeromonas*. One strain of *Hafnia* sp. was found to be false negative.

The AquaCHROM ECC method evaluated in this study showed no statistical difference in detection of *E. coli* and coliform bacteria compared to EPA 1604 (tap water, well water, and lake water) and FDA/BAM Ch. 4 (bottled water) and was statistically equivalent for enumeration of *E. coli* and coliform bacteria to the EPA 1604 for tap water, well water, and lake water in 100 mL water samples.

The method allows the user to obtain accurate results within 24 h in the matrixes evaluated for the presence of coliforms in water samples incubated at 35–37°C. The non-agar-based medium was easy to interpret based on a color change to green (*E. coli*) or yellow (non-*E. coli* coliforms) that can be read under normal lighting conditions. The AquaCHROM ECC method required no additional media or Petri dishes to perform, creating an easier workflow by eliminating all the confirmation steps needed for the reference method. The independent laboratory analyst stated how straightforward and easy the method was to perform. One item of note, during the matrix study at the independent laboratory the polypropylene dispenser bottles provided by the client did not hold up well to repeated autoclave decontamination cycles (121°C at 15 psi for 60 min) between uses and had to be discarded. Those bottles might have been tightly closed during the autoclave decontamination cycles leading to their deformation. It is therefore recommended to loosely close the bottles when autoclaved for decontamination to ensure multiple use.

Table 2.	<b>AquaCHROM ECC Inclusivity Stu</b>	dy Results for <i>E. coli</i> (1)		
No.	Target strain	Source	Origin	Result
1	E. coli	ATCC <sup>a</sup> 8739	Feces	Positive, green
2	E. coli	ATCC 11775	Urine	Positive, green
3	E. coli	ATCC 25922	Clinical isolate, USA	Positive, green
4	E. coli O157:H7	ATCC 35150	Feces	Negative, yellow <sup>b</sup>
5	E. coli	ATCC 35218	Canine	Positive, green
6	E. coli	ATCC 51446	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
7	E. coli	CIP <sup>c</sup> 52.168	Child, feces	Positive, green
8	E. coli	CIP 52.172	Feces	Positive, green
9	E. coli	CIP 103982	Clermont-Ferrand, France	Positive, green
10	E. coli	CIP 107196	Human	Positive, green
11	E. coli	NCTCd 13846	Human blood culture	Positive, green
12	E. coli	NCTC 13476	Not available	Positive, green
13	E. coli	DSM <sup>e</sup> 1103	Clinical isolate	Positive, green
14	E. coli	DSM 22312	Urinary tract infections	Positive, green
15	E. coli	AR <sup>f</sup> 3740	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
16	E. coli	AR3857	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
17	E. coli	AR3858	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
18	E. coli	AR3859	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
19	E. coli	AR4076	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, blue green
20	E. coli	AR4077	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
21	E. coli	AR4524	Foodborne, Japan	Positive, green
22	E. coli	AR4526	Not available	Positive, green
23	E. coli	AR4531	Not available	Positive, green
24	E. coli	AR4732	Foodborne, Switzerland	Positive, green
25	E. coli	AR4733	Foodborne, Switzerland	Positive, green
26	E. coli	AR4734	Foodborne, Switzerland	Positive, green
27	E. coli	AR5011	Clinical isolate	Positive, green
28	E. coli	AR5012	Clinical isolate	Positive, blue green
29	E. coli	AR5013	Clinical isolate	Positive, green
30	E. coli	AR5014	Clinical isolate	Positive, green
31	E. coli	AR5030	Foodborne	Positive, green
32	E. coli	AR5179	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
33	E. coli	AR5189	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
34	E. coli	AR5190	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
35	E. coli	AR5238	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
36	E. coli	AR5303	Foodborne, Japan	Positive, blue green
37	E. coli	AR5305	Foodborne, Japan	Positive, blue green
38	E. coli	AR5306	Foodborne, Japan	Positive, green
39	E. coli	AR5360	Foodborne	Positive, green
40	E. coli	AR5387	Foodborne	Positive, green
41	E. coli	AR5388	Foodborne	Positive, green
42	E. coli	AR5389	Foodborne	Positive, green
43	E. coli	AR5414	Clinical isolate	Positive, green
44	E. coli	AR5415	Clinical isolate	Positive, green
45	E. coli	AR5416	Clinical isolate	Positive, green
46	E. coli	AR5417	Clinical isolate	Positive, blue green
47	E. coli	AR5428	Foodborne	Positive, green
48	E. coli	AR5433	Foodborne, France	Positive, blue green
49	E. coli	AR5434	Foodborne, France	Positive, green
50	E. coli	AR5435	Foodborne, France	Positive, green

51	E. coli	AR5436	Foodborne, France	Positive, green
52	E. coli	AR5438	Foodborne, France	Positive, green
53	E. coli	AR5440	Foodborne, France	Positive, green
54	E. coli	AR5442	Foodborne, France	Positive, green
55	E. coli	AR5458	Clinical isolate, Germany	Positive, green
56	E. coli	AR5510	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, blue green
57	E. coli	AR5664	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
58	E. coli	AR5665	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, blue green
59	E. coli	AR5666	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, blue green

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>ATCC = American Type Culture Collection, Manassas, VA.

fAR = CHROMagar Strain Collection, Paris, France.

Table	3. AquaCHROM ECC Inclusivity Study Result	ts for non- <i>E. coli</i> Coliform Bacteria (1)		
No.	Target strain	Source	Origin	Result
1	Citrobacter freundii	ATCC <sup>a</sup> 8090	Not available	Positive, yellow
2	Cronobacter muytjensii	ATCC 51329 (formerly Enterobacter sakazakii)	Not available	Positive, yellow
3	Enterobacter cloacae subsp. cloacae	ATCC 13047	Spinal fluid	Positive, yellow
4	E. cloacae subsp. cloacae	ATCC 35030	Not available	Positive, yellow
5	Klebsiella aerogenes	ATCC 13048 (formerly Aerobacter aerogenes)	Sputum	Positive, yellow
6	K. pneumoniae	ATCC BAA-1705	Urine	Positive, yellow
7	K. pneumoniae subsp. Pneumoniae	ATCC 13883	Not available	Positive, yellow
8	K. pneumoniae subsp. Pneumoniae	ATCC 700603	Urine	Positive, yellow
9	K. variicola	ATCC 31488	Soil	Positive, yellow
10	Serratia marcescens subsp. marcescens	ATCC 13880	Pond water	Positive, yellow
11	K. pneumoniae	NCTCb 13438	Blood, urine	Positive, yellow
12	Citrobacter amalonaticus	AR <sup>c</sup> 6391	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
13	C. farmeri	AR6390	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
14	C. freundii	AR3870	Not available	Positive, yellow
15	C. freundii	AR5662	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
16	C. freundii	AR5663	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, green
17	C. freundii	AR6662	Foodborne, France	Positive, yellow
18	C. koseri	AR6387	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
19	C. sedlakii	AR6389	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
20	Citribacter sp.	AR3030	Not available	Positive, yellow
21	Citrobacter sp.	AR3134	Human Feces	Positive, yellow
22	Citrobacter sp.	AR3378	Foodborne, France	Positive, yellow
23	Enterobacter aerogenes	AR5187	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
24	E. aerogenes	AR6081	Foodborne, Israel	Positive, yellow
25	E. agglomerans	AR5646	Laboratory isolate, France	Positive, yellow
26	E. amnigenus	AR6110	Human Feces	Positive, yellow
27	E. asburiae	AR6392	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
28	E. cloacae	AR5339	Foodborne, Japan	Positive, yellow
29	E. cloacae	AR5480	Clinical isolate, Japan	Positive, yellow
30	E. cloacae	AR6002	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
31	Enterobacter spp.	AR5965	Human Feces	Positive, yellow
32	Escherichia hermannii	AR5245	Human Feces	Positive, yellow
33	E. hermannii	AR5341	Foodborne, Japan	Positive, yellow
34	Hafnia sp.	AR5850	Not available	No growth
35	H. alvei	AR3862	Human Feces	Positive, yellow
36	H. alvei	AR5331	Foodborne, Japan	Positive, yellow
37	Klebsiella oxytoca	AR5204	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
38	K. oxytoca	AR5236	Human Feces	Positive, yellow
39	K. oxytoca	AR5755	Not available	Positive, yellow
40	K. oxytoca	AR6655	Foodborne, France	Positive, yellow
41	K. oxytoca	AR5755	Not available	Positive, yellow
42	K. pneumoniae	AR5186	Not available	Positive, yellow
43	K. pneumoniae	AR5251	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
44	K. pneumoniae	AR5995	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
45	K. pneumoniae	AR6663	Foodborne, France	Positive, yellow
46	Serratia liquefaciens	AR3964	Foodborne, France	Positive, yellow
47	S. liquefaciens	AR4046	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
48	S. liquefaciens	AR6146	Chicken	Positive, yellow
49	S. marcescens	AR5568	Clinical isolate, France	Positive, yellow
50	S. plymuthica	AR5492	Raw milk	Positive, yellow
51	S. rubidaea	AR6664	Sweet bell pepper	Positive, yellow

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>ATCC = American Type Culture Collection, Manassas, VA.

bE. coli serotype O157 are b-glucuronidase negative being detected as yellow with AquaCHROM ECC. cCIP = Collection Institut Pasteur, Paris, France.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>NCTC = National Collection of Type Cultures, Public Health England, Salisbury, UK.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>DSM = DSMZ-German Collection of Microorganisms and Cell Cultures GmbH, Leibniz Institute, Germany.

bNCTC = National Collection of Type Cultures, Porton Down, Salisbury, UK.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>AR = CHROMagar Strain Collection, Paris, France.

Table 4.	AquaCHROM ECC Exclusivity Study Results (1)			
No.	Non-target strains	Source	Origin	Result
1	Clostridium perfringens	ATCC <sup>a</sup> 13124	Not available	No growth
2	Enterococcus casseliflavus	ATCC 700327	Not available	No growth, yellowish
3	E. gallinarum	ATCC 49573	Chicken intestine	No growth
4	E. hirae	ATCC 8043	Not available	No growth
5	E. faecalis	ATCC 29212	Urine	No growth
6	E. faecalis	ATCC 51299	Peritoneal fluid	No growth
7	Listeria ivanovii subsp. ivanovii	ATCC 19119	Sheep	No growth
8	L. monocytogenes	ATCC 19115	Not available	No growth
9	Macrococcus caseolyticus	ATCC 35662 (formerly S. cohnii subsp. cohnii)	Not available	No growth
10	Paeniclostridium sordellii	ATCC 9714 (formerly Clostridium sordellii)	Not available	No growth
11	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	ATCC 9027	Not available	No growth
12	P. aeruginosa	ATCC 10145	Not available	No growth
13	Proteus vulgaris	ATCC 6380	Not available	Growth, uncolored
14	Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica (serovar Abaetetuba)	ATCC 35640	Creek water	Positive, greenish blue
15	S. enterica subsp. enterica (serovar Typhimurium)	ATCC 13311	Feces, food poisoning	Growth, uncolored
16	Shigella boydii	ATCC 9207	Not available	Positive, green
17	S. dysenteriae	ATCC 13313	Foreign seaman	No growth
18	S. flexneri	ATCC 12022	Not available	Growth, uncolored
19	S. sonnei	ATCC 9290	Not available	Positive, greenish yellow
20	Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus	ATCC 43300	Clinical isolate, US	No growth
21	S. aureus subsp. aureus	ATCC 25923	Clinical isolate, US	No growth
22	S. epidermidis	ATCC 12228	Not available	No growth
23	S. haemolyticus	ATCC 700403	Skin	No growth
25	S. lentus S. saprophyticus subsp. saprophyticus	ATCC 700403 ATCC 15305	Not available Urine	No growth No growth
26	S. simulans	ATCC 15305 ATCC 27851	Skin	No growth
27	S. warneri	ATCC 27851 ATCC 49454	Not available	No growth
28	S. xylosus	ATCC 29971	Skin	No growth
29	Streptococcus agalactiae	ATCC 13813	Not available	No growth
30	S. gallolyticus	ATCC 9809 (formerly Streptococcus bovis)	Not available	No growth
31	S. dysgalactiae subsp. dysgalactiae	ATCC 27957	Bovine udder infection	No growth
32	Yersinia enterocolitica subsp. enterocolitica	ATCC 23715	Blood, petechiae, anterior eye chamber	No growth
33	Y. pseudotuberculosis	ATCC 29833	Turkey	No growth
34	Listeria innocua	CIP <sup>b</sup> 80.11T	Bovine, brain	No growth
35	Streptococcus equinus	CIP 102504T	Not available	No growth
36	S. uberis	CIP 103219T	Not available	No growth
37	S. uberis	CIP 105450	Bovine udder infection	No growth
38	Yersinia enterocolitica palearctica	CIP 101776	Blood	Growth, uncolored
39	Acinetobacter baumannii	AR <sup>c</sup> 5624	Clinical isolate, France	Growth, uncolored
40	Acinetobacter sp.	AR5563	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
41	Aeromonas sp.	AR3881	Foodborne	No growth
42	Aeromonas sp.	AR3898	Not available	Positive, yellow
43	Clostridioides difficile	AR5681	Not available	No growth
44	C. difficile	AR5682	Not available	No growth
45	Enterococcus avium	AR5258	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
46	E. durans	AR5257	Not available	No growth
47	E. faecalis	AR5289	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
48	E. faecalis E. faecalis	AR5313 AR5316	Clinical isolate, France Clinical isolate, France	No growth No growth
50	Enterococcus sp.	AR5201	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
51	Enterococcus sp.	AR5312	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
52	E. gallinarum	AR5266	Not available	No growth
53	E. gallinarum	AR5218	Not available	No growth
54	E. faecalis	AR5101	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
55	E. faecium	AR5102	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
56	E. faecium	AR5164	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
57	E. faecium	AR4437	Foodborne	No growth
58	Listeria monocytogenes	AR4580	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
59	Legionella pneumophila	AR4665	Not available	No growth
60	L. pneumophila	AR4666	Not available	No growth
61	P. aeruginosa	AR5196	Clinical isolate, France	Growth, uncolored

62	P. aeruginosa	AR5197	Clinical isolate, France	Growth, uncolored
63	P. aeruginosa	AR5847	Not available	No growth
64	Proteus mirabilis	AR5479	Clinical isolate, Finland	Growth, uncolored
65	P. mirabilis	AR3022	Not available	Growth, uncolored
66	Salmonella enterica subsp. arizonae	AR3910	Not available	Positive, green
67	S. enterica subsp. enterica (serovar Dublin)	AR3580	Clinical isolate, France	Growth, uncolored
68	S. enterica subsp. enterica (serovar Typhi)	AR4052	Foodborne	Growth, uncolored
69	S. enterica subsp. enterica (serovar Typhi)	AR3104	Not available	Growth, uncolored
70	S. enterica subsp. enterica (serovar Typhi)	AR3105	Not available	Growth, uncolored
71	S. enterica subsp. enterica (serovar Typhimurium)	AR3015	Not available	Growth, uncolored
72	S. enterica subsp. enterica (serovar Worthington)	AR3911	Not available	Positive, green
73	Salmonella sp.	AR4053	Foodborne	Growth, uncolored
74	Salmonella sp.	AR3011	Not available	Growth, uncolored
75	Salmonella sp.	AR3924	Not available	Growth, uncolored
76	Salmonella sp.	AR3925	Not available	Growth, uncolored
77	S. aureus	AR3916	Not available	No growth
78	S. intermedius	AR5008	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
79	Streptococcus agalactiae	AR4186	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
80	S. oralis	AR5649	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
81	S. pyogenes	AR5255	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
82	Streptococcus sp.	AR5408	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
83	Streptococcus sp.	AR5311	Clinical isolate, France	No growth
84	Vibrio cholerae	AR4482	Foodborne, Japan	No growth
85	V. cholerae	AR4748	Foodborne, Japan	No growth
86	V. parahaemolyticus	AR4493	Foodborne, Japan	No growth
87	V. vulnificus	AR4675	Foodborne, Japan	No growth

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>ATCC = American Type Culture Collection, Manassas, VA.

Table 7. AquaCHROM E	CC Method Pr	esumptiv	e vs. Con	firmed – PC	D Results (1)					
	cfu/100			Presumptive result			Confirmed	result	_	
Matrix <sup>a</sup>	mL <sup>b</sup>	$N^c$	Xq	POD <sub>CP</sub> e	95% CI	X	PODccf	95% CI	$dPOD_{CP}^g$	95% CI <sup>h</sup>
Tap Water	0	5	0	0.00	0.00, 0.43	0	0.00	0.00, 0.43	0.00	-0.47, 0.47
(100 mL)	1.3	20	11	0.55	0.34, 0.74	11	0.55	0.34, 0.74	0.00	-0.13, 0.13
E. coli ATCC <sup>i</sup> 25922	6.2	5	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	0.00	-0.47, 0.47
Well Water	0.5	20	13	0.65	0.43, 0.82	13	0.65	0.43, 0.82	0.00	-0.13, 0.13
(100 mL)	2.8	5	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	0.00	-0.47, 0.47
Lake Water	0.7	20	15	0.75	0.53, 0.89	15	0.75	0.53, 0.89	0.00	-0.13, 0.13
(100 mL)	4	5	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	0.00	-0.47, 0.47
Bottled Water	0	5	0	0.00	0.00, 0.43	0	0.00	0.00, 0.43	0.00	-0.47, 0.47
(100 mL)	1.8	20	17	0.85	0.64, 0.95	17	0.85	0.64, 0.95	0.00	-0.13, 0.13
E. coli QL <sup>j</sup> 41411.1	6.6	5	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	0.00	-0.47, 0.47

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Matrix = Well water and lake water were naturally contaminated. Tap water and bottled were artificially contaminated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>CIP = Collection Institut Pasteur, Paris, France.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>AR = CHROMagar Strain Collection, Paris, France.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>cfu/100 mL = Colony counts based on the reference method plate results. Counts were averaged based on the number of replicate portions tested. <sup>c</sup>Number of test portions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>x = Number of positive test portions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>POD<sub>CP</sub> = Candidate method presumptive positive outcomes divided by the total number of trials.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup>POD<sub>CC</sub> = Candidate method confirmed positive outcomes divided by the total number of trials.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup>dPOD<sub>CP</sub>= Difference between the candidate method presumptive result and candidate method confirmed result POD values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>h</sup>95% CI = If the confidence interval of a dPOD does not contain zero, then the difference is statistically significant at the 5% level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup>ATCC = American Type Culture collection, Manassas, VA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>j</sup>QL = Q Laboratories Culture Collection, Cincinnati, OH.

	cfu/100			AquaCHRO	M ECC		Reference me	ethod <sup>f</sup>		
Matrix <sup>a</sup>	mL <sup>b</sup>	$N^c$	Xd	$PODc^{e}$	95% CI	Χ	$POD_R^g$	95% CI	dPODc <sup>h</sup>	95% CI <sup>i</sup>
Tap Water	0	5	0	0.00	0.00, 0.43	0	0.00	0.00, 0.43	0.00	-0.43, 0.43
(100 mL)	1.3	20	11	0.55	0.34, 0.74	13	0.65	0.43, 0.82	-0.10	-0.37 0.19
E. coli ATCC 25922	6.2	5	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	0.00	-0.43, 0.43
Well Water	0.5	20	13	0.65	0.43, 0.82	8	0.40	0.22, 0.61	0.25	-0.05 0.50
(100 mL)	2.8	5	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	0.00	-0.43, 0.43
Lake Water	0.7	20	15	0.75	0.53, 0.89	11	0.55	0.34, 0.74	0.20	-0.09 0.45
(100 mL)	4	5	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	0.00	-0.43, 0.43
Bottled Water	0	5	0	0.00	0.00, 0.43	0	0.00	0.00, 0.43	0.00	-0.43, 0.43
(100 mL)	1.8	20	17	0.85	0.64, 0.95	15	0.75	0.53, 0.89	0.10	-0.15, 0.34
E. coli QLk 41411.1	6.6	5	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	5	1.00	0.57, 1.00	0.00	-0.43, 0.43

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Matrix = Well water and lake water were naturally contaminated. Tap water and bottled were artificially contaminated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>k</sup>QL = Q Laboratories Culture Collection, Cincinnati, OH.

		_	AquaCHR	OM ECC	Referen	Reference Method <sup>c</sup>			95%	95% CIf		90% CI	
Matrix	Cont. level <sup>a</sup>	n	Log <sub>10</sub> Mean <sup>b</sup>	Sr	Log <sub>10</sub> Mean	Sr	DOMd	SEe	LCLg	UCLh	LCL	UCL	
Tap Water <sup>i</sup> (100 mL)	Uninoculated	5	0.000	NA <sup>k</sup>	0.000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
C. freundii ATCC	Low	5	0.897	0.412	0.977	0.102	-0.081	0.190	-0.518	0.357	-0.434	0.273	
8090	Medium	5	1.740	0.066	1.737	0.036	0.003	0.034	-0.074	0.081	-0.059	0.066	
& <i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922	High	5	2.008	0.134	2.024	0.026	-0.017	0.061	-0.157	0.124	-0.130	0.097	
Well Water (100 mL)	Low	5	0.414	0.243	0.433	0.170	-0.019	0.133	-0.325	0.287	-0.266	0.228	
Naturally	Medium	5	1.621	0.109	1.610	0.046	0.012	0.053	-0.110	0.134	-0.087	0.110	
contaminated	High	5	1.983	0.048	1.940	0.028	-0.022	0.025	-0.079	0.036	-0.068	0.024	
Lake Water (100 mL)	Low	5	0.859	0.120	0.709	0.135	0.151	0.081	-0.036	0.337	0.000	0.301	
Naturally	Medium	5	1.734	0.049	1.731	0.032	0.004	0.026	-0.057	0.064	-0.045	0.052	
contaminated	High	5	2.052	0.096	2.001	0.019	0.051	0.044	-0.050	0.152	-0.030	0.132	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Tap Water has an uninoculated level that yielded no recovered growth for all five replicates. Well and lake water were naturally contaminated and therefore have no uninoculated level.

<sup>i</sup>ATCC = American Type Culture Collection, Manassas, VA.

## REFERENCES CITED

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>cfu/100 mL = Colony counts based on the reference method plate results. Counts were averaged based on the number of replicate portions tested.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>N = Number of test portions.

dx = Number of positive test portions.

ePODc = Candidate method presumptive positive outcomes confirmed positive divided by the total number of trials.

Reference method = EPA 1604 for tap water, well water, and lake water; BAM Ch.4 for bottled water

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>g</sup>POD<sub>R</sub> = Reference method confirmed positive outcomes divided by the total number of trials.

hdPODc= Difference between the confirmed candidate method result and reference method result POD values.

<sup>95%</sup> CI = If the confidence interval of a dPOD does not contain zero, then the difference is statistically significant at the 5% level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup>ATCC = American Type Culture collection, Manassas, VA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Mean of five replicate portions, after logarithmic transformation: Log<sub>10</sub>[CFU/g + (0.1)f]. There were no differences in results between the 18 and 24 h timepoints. <sup>c</sup>Reference method is EPA 1604.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>DOM = Difference of means; mean<sub>cand</sub> - mean<sub>ref.</sub>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>SE = Standard Error of DOM.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup>CI = Confidence interval for DOM.

gLCL = Lower confidence limit for DOM.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>h</sup>UCL = Upper confidence limit for DOM.

Tap water was inoculated with C. freundii (ATCC 8090) at the low and medium levels and with E. coli (ATCC 25922) at the high level.